General dc and Photovoltaic Systems, UL® Listed, CSA® Certified (Files E2875 and E154282)

NOTE: Heavy duty safety switches may be used on photovoltaic systems with a grounded feed. Refer to Figures 1B, 1D, 1F and 2 (negative grounding shown; positive grounded systems are similarly allowed). For ungrounded systems, see National Electrical Code® (NEC®) 690.35 (NEC 2008, NFPA 70).

All heavy duty safety switches with dc ratings (2-, 3- and 4-pole fusible and non-fusible) are Underwriters Laboratories® (UL®) Listed and CSA® Certified for use on dc applications when wired as shown in Figure 1 (A, B, C, D, E, and F). Additionally:

- Heavy duty safety switches are rated for 600 Vdc maximum open circuit voltage.
- Non-fusible safety switches may carry 100 percent of the nameplate current rating.
- Fusible safety switches may carry 80 percent of nameplate current rating (continuous use).
- Heavy duty switches are dc horsepower rated as indicated on the safety switch wiring diagram.
- Heavy duty switches have a 10,000 ampere dc short-circuit rating at 600 Vdc unless otherwise stated on the switch wiring diagram. Consult factory for short circuit current ratings at 250 Vdc.
- Refer to current Square D® Digest for lug wire range of heavy duty switches.

Figure 1: General dc and Photovoltaic Systems, Fusible and Non-Fusible Wiring Diagram
Alternate Photovoltaic System
Wiring, Evaluated and
Self-Certified by Schneider Electric

Not UL Listed

Figure 2: Grounded Feed per NEC Article 690

- Connect negative photovoltaic line (-) to case inside inverter for negative grounded system.
- Positive grounded systems are similarly allowed.
- For ungrounded systems, see NEC 690.35 (NEC2008, NFPA70).

Current Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Switch Nameplate 600 V</th>
<th>Switch dc Rating per Pole 1</th>
<th>Photovoltaic Maximum Circuit Current 2</th>
<th>Photovoltaic Short-Circuit Current (Isc)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30 A</td>
<td>20 A</td>
<td>16 A dc per pole</td>
<td>12.8 A (20/1.56)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 A</td>
<td>60 A</td>
<td>48 A dc per pole</td>
<td>38 A (60/1.56)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 A</td>
<td>100 A</td>
<td>80 A dc per pole</td>
<td>64 A (100/1.56)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The switch per pole rating must be at least the photovoltaic maximum circuit current multiplied by 125%.
2 From NEC 2008 and NFPA 70, Article 690.8: the photovoltaic maximum circuit current is Isc, multiplied by 125%.

- If a non-fusible disconnect is used, the inverter must not be capable of backfeeding currents into a short circuit or fault in the photovoltaic array or string.
- One inverter may be connected to each pole of the switch.
- Refer to current Square D Digest for lug wire range of heavy duty switches.